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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Claims 1-17 (cancelled)

Claim 18 (currently amended)

18. A method for ~~controlling blemished skin, acne or sebaceous phenomena~~ reducing the production of sebum to a patient in need thereof, said method comprising topically applying a composition to an area affected by increased sebum production, said composition comprising:
- (a) an effective amount, to reduce the production of sebum in a patient in need thereof, of an antiperspirant active ingredient consisting essentially of:
 - (i) an antiperspirant selected from the group consisting of aluminum chlorohydrate, aluminum hydroxylactate, acidic aluminum salt, acidic zirconium salt and mixtures thereof;
 - (ii) an agent effective against production of sebum selected from the group consisting of distarch phosphate, cyclodextrin, sodium corn starch octenyl succinate, silica dimethyl silylate, hydroxypropyl distarch phosphate, tapioca dextrin, aluminum starch octenyl succinate, acrylate copolymers, magnesium carbonate, corn starch, kaolin, nylon, bentonite, sodium silicoaluminate, boron nitride, silica, mica, titanium dioxide and mixtures thereof; and
 - (iii) a silicone oil; and
 - (b) a cosmetically or dermatologically effective carrier.

Claim 19 (currently amended)

19. The method according to claim 18, wherein the agent effective against the production of sebum is distarch phosphate ~~and~~ or cyclodextrin.

Claim 20 (previously presented)

20. The method according to claim 18, wherein the antiperspirant is aluminum chlorohydrate.

Claim 21 (currently amended)

21. The method according to claim 18, wherein the antiperspirant is aluminum chlorohydrate and the agent effective against the production of sebum is distarch phosphate ~~and~~ or cyclodextrin.